



Rep. Tom Demmer

Filed: 5/17/2013

09800SB1931ham002

LRB098 06707 NHT 46092 a

1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1931

2 AMENDMENT NO. _____. Amend Senate Bill 1931 by replacing
3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

4 "Section 3. The Open Meetings Act is amended by changing
5 Section 2 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 120/2) (from Ch. 102, par. 42)

7 Sec. 2. Open meetings.

8 (a) Openness required. All meetings of public bodies shall
9 be open to the public unless excepted in subsection (c) and
10 closed in accordance with Section 2a.

11 (b) Construction of exceptions. The exceptions contained
12 in subsection (c) are in derogation of the requirement that
13 public bodies meet in the open, and therefore, the exceptions
14 are to be strictly construed, extending only to subjects
15 clearly within their scope. The exceptions authorize but do not
16 require the holding of a closed meeting to discuss a subject

1 included within an enumerated exception.

2 (c) Exceptions. A public body may hold closed meetings to
3 consider the following subjects:

4 (1) The appointment, employment, compensation,
5 discipline, performance, or dismissal of specific
6 employees of the public body or legal counsel for the
7 public body, including hearing testimony on a complaint
8 lodged against an employee of the public body or against
9 legal counsel for the public body to determine its
10 validity.

11 (2) Collective negotiating matters between the public
12 body and its employees or their representatives, or
13 deliberations concerning salary schedules for one or more
14 classes of employees.

15 (3) The selection of a person to fill a public office,
16 as defined in this Act, including a vacancy in a public
17 office, when the public body is given power to appoint
18 under law or ordinance, or the discipline, performance or
19 removal of the occupant of a public office, when the public
20 body is given power to remove the occupant under law or
21 ordinance.

22 (4) Evidence or testimony presented in open hearing, or
23 in closed hearing where specifically authorized by law, to
24 a quasi-adjudicative body, as defined in this Act, provided
25 that the body prepares and makes available for public
26 inspection a written decision setting forth its

1 determinative reasoning.

2 (5) The purchase or lease of real property for the use
3 of the public body, including meetings held for the purpose
4 of discussing whether a particular parcel should be
5 acquired.

6 (6) The setting of a price for sale or lease of
7 property owned by the public body.

8 (7) The sale or purchase of securities, investments, or
9 investment contracts. This exception shall not apply to the
10 investment of assets or income of funds deposited into the
11 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund.

12 (8) Security procedures and the use of personnel and
13 equipment to respond to an actual, a threatened, or a
14 reasonably potential danger to the safety of employees,
15 students, staff, the public, or public property.

16 (9) Student disciplinary cases.

17 (10) The placement of individual students in special
18 education programs and other matters relating to
19 individual students.

20 (11) Litigation, when an action against, affecting or
21 on behalf of the particular public body has been filed and
22 is pending before a court or administrative tribunal, or
23 when the public body finds that an action is probable or
24 imminent, in which case the basis for the finding shall be
25 recorded and entered into the minutes of the closed
26 meeting.

1 (12) The establishment of reserves or settlement of
2 claims as provided in the Local Governmental and
3 Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act, if otherwise the
4 disposition of a claim or potential claim might be
5 prejudiced, or the review or discussion of claims, loss or
6 risk management information, records, data, advice or
7 communications from or with respect to any insurer of the
8 public body or any intergovernmental risk management
9 association or self insurance pool of which the public body
10 is a member.

11 (13) Conciliation of complaints of discrimination in
12 the sale or rental of housing, when closed meetings are
13 authorized by the law or ordinance prescribing fair housing
14 practices and creating a commission or administrative
15 agency for their enforcement.

16 (14) Informant sources, the hiring or assignment of
17 undercover personnel or equipment, or ongoing, prior or
18 future criminal investigations, when discussed by a public
19 body with criminal investigatory responsibilities.

20 (15) Professional ethics or performance when
21 considered by an advisory body appointed to advise a
22 licensing or regulatory agency on matters germane to the
23 advisory body's field of competence.

24 (16) Self evaluation, practices and procedures or
25 professional ethics, when meeting with a representative of
26 a statewide association of which the public body is a

1 member.

2 (17) The recruitment, credentialing, discipline or
3 formal peer review of physicians or other health care
4 professionals for a hospital, or other institution
5 providing medical care, that is operated by the public
6 body.

7 (18) Deliberations for decisions of the Prisoner
8 Review Board.

9 (19) Review or discussion of applications received
10 under the Experimental Organ Transplantation Procedures
11 Act.

12 (20) The classification and discussion of matters
13 classified as confidential or continued confidential by
14 the State Government Suggestion Award Board.

15 (21) Discussion of minutes of meetings lawfully closed
16 under this Act, whether for purposes of approval by the
17 body of the minutes or semi-annual review of the minutes as
18 mandated by Section 2.06.

19 (22) Deliberations for decisions of the State
20 Emergency Medical Services Disciplinary Review Board.

21 (23) The operation by a municipality of a municipal
22 utility or the operation of a municipal power agency or
23 municipal natural gas agency when the discussion involves
24 (i) contracts relating to the purchase, sale, or delivery
25 of electricity or natural gas or (ii) the results or
26 conclusions of load forecast studies.

1 (24) Meetings of a residential health care facility
2 resident sexual assault and death review team or the
3 Executive Council under the Abuse Prevention Review Team
4 Act.

5 (25) Meetings of an independent team of experts under
6 Brian's Law.

7 (26) Meetings of a mortality review team appointed
8 under the Department of Juvenile Justice Mortality Review
9 Team Act.

10 (27) Confidential information, when discussed by one
11 or more members of an elder abuse fatality review team,
12 designated under Section 15 of the Elder Abuse and Neglect
13 Act, while participating in a review conducted by that team
14 of the death of an elderly person in which abuse or neglect
15 is suspected, alleged, or substantiated; provided that
16 before the review team holds a closed meeting, or closes an
17 open meeting, to discuss the confidential information,
18 each participating review team member seeking to disclose
19 the confidential information in the closed meeting or
20 closed portion of the meeting must state on the record
21 during an open meeting or the open portion of a meeting the
22 nature of the information to be disclosed and the legal
23 basis for otherwise holding that information confidential.

24 (28) Correspondence and records (i) that may not be
25 disclosed under Section 11-9 of the Public Aid Code or (ii)
26 that pertain to appeals under Section 11-8 of the Public

1 Aid Code.

2 (29) Meetings between internal or external auditors
3 and governmental audit committees, finance committees, and
4 their equivalents, when the discussion involves internal
5 control weaknesses, identification of potential fraud risk
6 areas, known or suspected frauds, and fraud interviews
7 conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing
8 standards of the United States of America.

9 (30) Meetings of the School Security and Standards Task
10 Force under the School Code.

11 (d) Definitions. For purposes of this Section:

12 "Employee" means a person employed by a public body whose
13 relationship with the public body constitutes an
14 employer-employee relationship under the usual common law
15 rules, and who is not an independent contractor.

16 "Public office" means a position created by or under the
17 Constitution or laws of this State, the occupant of which is
18 charged with the exercise of some portion of the sovereign
19 power of this State. The term "public office" shall include
20 members of the public body, but it shall not include
21 organizational positions filled by members thereof, whether
22 established by law or by a public body itself, that exist to
23 assist the body in the conduct of its business.

24 "Quasi-adjudicative body" means an administrative body
25 charged by law or ordinance with the responsibility to conduct
26 hearings, receive evidence or testimony and make

1 determinations based thereon, but does not include local
2 electoral boards when such bodies are considering petition
3 challenges.

4 (e) Final action. No final action may be taken at a closed
5 meeting. Final action shall be preceded by a public recital of
6 the nature of the matter being considered and other information
7 that will inform the public of the business being conducted.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-1235, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1378, eff. 7-29-10;
9 96-1428, eff. 8-11-10; 97-318, eff. 1-1-12; 97-333, eff.
10 8-12-11; 97-452, eff. 8-19-11; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-876,
11 eff. 8-1-12.)

12 Section 5. The Freedom of Information Act is amended by
13 changing Section 7 as follows:

14 (5 ILCS 140/7) (from Ch. 116, par. 207)

15 Sec. 7. Exemptions.

16 (1) When a request is made to inspect or copy a public
17 record that contains information that is exempt from disclosure
18 under this Section, but also contains information that is not
19 exempt from disclosure, the public body may elect to redact the
20 information that is exempt. The public body shall make the
21 remaining information available for inspection and copying.
22 Subject to this requirement, the following shall be exempt from
23 inspection and copying:

24 (a) Information specifically prohibited from

1 disclosure by federal or State law or rules and regulations
2 implementing federal or State law.

3 (b) Private information, unless disclosure is required
4 by another provision of this Act, a State or federal law or
5 a court order.

6 (b-5) Files, documents, and other data or databases
7 maintained by one or more law enforcement agencies and
8 specifically designed to provide information to one or more
9 law enforcement agencies regarding the physical or mental
10 status of one or more individual subjects.

11 (c) Personal information contained within public
12 records, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly
13 unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, unless the
14 disclosure is consented to in writing by the individual
15 subjects of the information. "Unwarranted invasion of
16 personal privacy" means the disclosure of information that
17 is highly personal or objectionable to a reasonable person
18 and in which the subject's right to privacy outweighs any
19 legitimate public interest in obtaining the information.
20 The disclosure of information that bears on the public
21 duties of public employees and officials shall not be
22 considered an invasion of personal privacy.

23 (d) Records in the possession of any public body
24 created in the course of administrative enforcement
25 proceedings, and any law enforcement or correctional
26 agency for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent

1 that disclosure would:

2 (i) interfere with pending or actually and
3 reasonably contemplated law enforcement proceedings
4 conducted by any law enforcement or correctional
5 agency that is the recipient of the request;

6 (ii) interfere with active administrative
7 enforcement proceedings conducted by the public body
8 that is the recipient of the request;

9 (iii) create a substantial likelihood that a
10 person will be deprived of a fair trial or an impartial
11 hearing;

12 (iv) unavoidably disclose the identity of a
13 confidential source, confidential information
14 furnished only by the confidential source, or persons
15 who file complaints with or provide information to
16 administrative, investigative, law enforcement, or
17 penal agencies; except that the identities of
18 witnesses to traffic accidents, traffic accident
19 reports, and rescue reports shall be provided by
20 agencies of local government, except when disclosure
21 would interfere with an active criminal investigation
22 conducted by the agency that is the recipient of the
23 request;

24 (v) disclose unique or specialized investigative
25 techniques other than those generally used and known or
26 disclose internal documents of correctional agencies

1 related to detection, observation or investigation of
2 incidents of crime or misconduct, and disclosure would
3 result in demonstrable harm to the agency or public
4 body that is the recipient of the request;

5 (vi) endanger the life or physical safety of law
6 enforcement personnel or any other person; or

7 (vii) obstruct an ongoing criminal investigation
8 by the agency that is the recipient of the request.

9 (d-5) A law enforcement record created for law
10 enforcement purposes and contained in a shared electronic
11 record management system if the law enforcement agency that
12 is the recipient of the request did not create the record,
13 did not participate in or have a role in any of the events
14 which are the subject of the record, and only has access to
15 the record through the shared electronic record management
16 system.

17 (e) Records that relate to or affect the security of
18 correctional institutions and detention facilities.

19 (e-5) Records requested by persons committed to the
20 Department of Corrections if those materials are available
21 in the library of the correctional facility where the
22 inmate is confined.

23 (e-6) Records requested by persons committed to the
24 Department of Corrections if those materials include
25 records from staff members' personnel files, staff
26 rosters, or other staffing assignment information.

1 (e-7) Records requested by persons committed to the
2 Department of Corrections if those materials are available
3 through an administrative request to the Department of
4 Corrections.

5 (f) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations,
6 memoranda and other records in which opinions are
7 expressed, or policies or actions are formulated, except
8 that a specific record or relevant portion of a record
9 shall not be exempt when the record is publicly cited and
10 identified by the head of the public body. The exemption
11 provided in this paragraph (f) extends to all those records
12 of officers and agencies of the General Assembly that
13 pertain to the preparation of legislative documents.

14 (g) Trade secrets and commercial or financial
15 information obtained from a person or business where the
16 trade secrets or commercial or financial information are
17 furnished under a claim that they are proprietary,
18 privileged or confidential, and that disclosure of the
19 trade secrets or commercial or financial information would
20 cause competitive harm to the person or business, and only
21 insofar as the claim directly applies to the records
22 requested.

23 The information included under this exemption includes
24 all trade secrets and commercial or financial information
25 obtained by a public body, including a public pension fund,
26 from a private equity fund or a privately held company

1 within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund as
2 a result of either investing or evaluating a potential
3 investment of public funds in a private equity fund. The
4 exemption contained in this item does not apply to the
5 aggregate financial performance information of a private
6 equity fund, nor to the identity of the fund's managers or
7 general partners. The exemption contained in this item does
8 not apply to the identity of a privately held company
9 within the investment portfolio of a private equity fund,
10 unless the disclosure of the identity of a privately held
11 company may cause competitive harm.

12 Nothing contained in this paragraph (g) shall be
13 construed to prevent a person or business from consenting
14 to disclosure.

15 (h) Proposals and bids for any contract, grant, or
16 agreement, including information which if it were
17 disclosed would frustrate procurement or give an advantage
18 to any person proposing to enter into a contractor
19 agreement with the body, until an award or final selection
20 is made. Information prepared by or for the body in
21 preparation of a bid solicitation shall be exempt until an
22 award or final selection is made.

23 (i) Valuable formulae, computer geographic systems,
24 designs, drawings and research data obtained or produced by
25 any public body when disclosure could reasonably be
26 expected to produce private gain or public loss. The

1 exemption for "computer geographic systems" provided in
2 this paragraph (i) does not extend to requests made by news
3 media as defined in Section 2 of this Act when the
4 requested information is not otherwise exempt and the only
5 purpose of the request is to access and disseminate
6 information regarding the health, safety, welfare, or
7 legal rights of the general public.

8 (j) The following information pertaining to
9 educational matters:

10 (i) test questions, scoring keys and other
11 examination data used to administer an academic
12 examination;

13 (ii) information received by a primary or
14 secondary school, college, or university under its
15 procedures for the evaluation of faculty members by
16 their academic peers;

17 (iii) information concerning a school or
18 university's adjudication of student disciplinary
19 cases, but only to the extent that disclosure would
20 unavoidably reveal the identity of the student; and

21 (iv) course materials or research materials used
22 by faculty members.

23 (k) Architects' plans, engineers' technical
24 submissions, and other construction related technical
25 documents for projects not constructed or developed in
26 whole or in part with public funds and the same for

1 projects constructed or developed with public funds,
2 including but not limited to power generating and
3 distribution stations and other transmission and
4 distribution facilities, water treatment facilities,
5 airport facilities, sport stadiums, convention centers,
6 and all government owned, operated, or occupied buildings,
7 but only to the extent that disclosure would compromise
8 security.

9 (l) Minutes of meetings of public bodies closed to the
10 public as provided in the Open Meetings Act until the
11 public body makes the minutes available to the public under
12 Section 2.06 of the Open Meetings Act.

13 (m) Communications between a public body and an
14 attorney or auditor representing the public body that would
15 not be subject to discovery in litigation, and materials
16 prepared or compiled by or for a public body in
17 anticipation of a criminal, civil or administrative
18 proceeding upon the request of an attorney advising the
19 public body, and materials prepared or compiled with
20 respect to internal audits of public bodies.

21 (n) Records relating to a public body's adjudication of
22 employee grievances or disciplinary cases; however, this
23 exemption shall not extend to the final outcome of cases in
24 which discipline is imposed.

25 (o) Administrative or technical information associated
26 with automated data processing operations, including but

1 not limited to software, operating protocols, computer
2 program abstracts, file layouts, source listings, object
3 modules, load modules, user guides, documentation
4 pertaining to all logical and physical design of
5 computerized systems, employee manuals, and any other
6 information that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the
7 security of the system or its data or the security of
8 materials exempt under this Section.

9 (p) Records relating to collective negotiating matters
10 between public bodies and their employees or
11 representatives, except that any final contract or
12 agreement shall be subject to inspection and copying.

13 (q) Test questions, scoring keys, and other
14 examination data used to determine the qualifications of an
15 applicant for a license or employment.

16 (r) The records, documents, and information relating
17 to real estate purchase negotiations until those
18 negotiations have been completed or otherwise terminated.
19 With regard to a parcel involved in a pending or actually
20 and reasonably contemplated eminent domain proceeding
21 under the Eminent Domain Act, records, documents and
22 information relating to that parcel shall be exempt except
23 as may be allowed under discovery rules adopted by the
24 Illinois Supreme Court. The records, documents and
25 information relating to a real estate sale shall be exempt
26 until a sale is consummated.

1 (s) Any and all proprietary information and records
2 related to the operation of an intergovernmental risk
3 management association or self-insurance pool or jointly
4 self-administered health and accident cooperative or pool.
5 Insurance or self insurance (including any
6 intergovernmental risk management association or self
7 insurance pool) claims, loss or risk management
8 information, records, data, advice or communications.

9 (t) Information contained in or related to
10 examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by,
11 on behalf of, or for the use of a public body responsible
12 for the regulation or supervision of financial
13 institutions or insurance companies, unless disclosure is
14 otherwise required by State law.

15 (u) Information that would disclose or might lead to
16 the disclosure of secret or confidential information,
17 codes, algorithms, programs, or private keys intended to be
18 used to create electronic or digital signatures under the
19 Electronic Commerce Security Act.

20 (v) Vulnerability assessments, security measures, and
21 response policies or plans that are designed to identify,
22 prevent, or respond to potential attacks upon a community's
23 population or systems, facilities, or installations, the
24 destruction or contamination of which would constitute a
25 clear and present danger to the health or safety of the
26 community, but only to the extent that disclosure could

1 reasonably be expected to jeopardize the effectiveness of
2 the measures or the safety of the personnel who implement
3 them or the public. Information exempt under this item may
4 include such things as details pertaining to the
5 mobilization or deployment of personnel or equipment, to
6 the operation of communication systems or protocols, or to
7 tactical operations.

8 (w) (Blank).

9 (x) Maps and other records regarding the location or
10 security of generation, transmission, distribution,
11 storage, gathering, treatment, or switching facilities
12 owned by a utility, by a power generator, or by the
13 Illinois Power Agency.

14 (y) Information contained in or related to proposals,
15 bids, or negotiations related to electric power
16 procurement under Section 1-75 of the Illinois Power Agency
17 Act and Section 16-111.5 of the Public Utilities Act that
18 is determined to be confidential and proprietary by the
19 Illinois Power Agency or by the Illinois Commerce
20 Commission.

21 (z) Information about students exempted from
22 disclosure under Sections 10-20.38 or 34-18.29 of the
23 School Code, and information about undergraduate students
24 enrolled at an institution of higher education exempted
25 from disclosure under Section 25 of the Illinois Credit
26 Card Marketing Act of 2009.

1 (aa) Information the disclosure of which is exempted
2 under the Viatical Settlements Act of 2009.

3 (bb) Records and information provided to a mortality
4 review team and records maintained by a mortality review
5 team appointed under the Department of Juvenile Justice
6 Mortality Review Team Act.

7 (cc) Information regarding interments, entombments, or
8 inurnments of human remains that are submitted to the
9 Cemetery Oversight Database under the Cemetery Care Act or
10 the Cemetery Oversight Act, whichever is applicable.

11 (dd) Correspondence and records (i) that may not be
12 disclosed under Section 11-9 of the Public Aid Code or (ii)
13 that pertain to appeals under Section 11-8 of the Public
14 Aid Code.

15 (ee) The names, addresses, or other personal
16 information of persons who are minors and are also
17 participants and registrants in programs of park
18 districts, forest preserve districts, conservation
19 districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation
20 associations.

21 (ff) The names, addresses, or other personal
22 information of participants and registrants in programs of
23 park districts, forest preserve districts, conservation
24 districts, recreation agencies, and special recreation
25 associations where such programs are targeted primarily to
26 minors.

1 (gg) Confidential information described in Section
2 1-100 of the Illinois Independent Tax Tribunal Act of 2012.

3 (hh) The report submitted to the State Board of
4 Education by the School Security and Standards Task Force
5 under item (8) of subsection (d) of Section 22-80 of the
6 School Code and any information contained in that report.

7 (1.5) Any information exempt from disclosure under the
8 Judicial Privacy Act shall be redacted from public records
9 prior to disclosure under this Act.

10 (2) A public record that is not in the possession of a
11 public body but is in the possession of a party with whom the
12 agency has contracted to perform a governmental function on
13 behalf of the public body, and that directly relates to the
14 governmental function and is not otherwise exempt under this
15 Act, shall be considered a public record of the public body,
16 for purposes of this Act.

17 (3) This Section does not authorize withholding of
18 information or limit the availability of records to the public,
19 except as stated in this Section or otherwise provided in this
20 Act.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-261, eff. 1-1-10; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09;
22 96-542, eff. 1-1-10; 96-558, eff. 1-1-10; 96-736, eff. 7-1-10;
23 96-863, eff. 3-1-10; 96-1378, eff. 7-29-10; 97-333, eff.
24 8-12-11; 97-385, eff. 8-15-11; 97-452, eff. 8-19-11; 97-783,
25 eff. 7-13-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 97-847, eff. 9-22-12;
26 97-1065, eff. 8-24-12; 97-1129, eff. 8-28-12; revised

1 9-20-12.)

2 Section 10. The School Code is amended by adding Section
3 22-80 as follows:

4 (105 ILCS 5/22-80 new)

5 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 2, 2014)

6 Sec. 22-80. School Security and Standards Task Force.

7 (a) The School Security and Standards Task Force is created
8 within the Office of the Governor to study the security of
9 schools in this State, make recommendations, and draft minimum
10 standards for use by schools to make them more secure and to
11 provide a safer learning environment for the children of this
12 State. The Task Force shall consist of all of the following
13 members:

14 (1) One member of the Senate, appointed by the
15 President of the Senate.

16 (2) One member of the Senate, appointed by the Minority
17 Leader of the Senate.

18 (3) One member of the House of Representatives,
19 appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

20 (4) One member of the House of Representatives,
21 appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of
22 Representatives.

23 (5) A representative from the State Board of Education,
24 appointed by the Chairperson of the State Board of

1 Education.

2 (6) A representative from the Department of State
3 Police, appointed by the Director of State Police.

4 (7) A representative from an association representing
5 Illinois sheriffs, appointed by the Governor.

6 (8) A representative from an association representing
7 Illinois chiefs of police, appointed by the Governor.

8 (9) A representative from an association representing
9 Illinois firefighters, appointed by the Governor.

10 (10) A representative from an association representing
11 Illinois regional superintendents of schools, appointed by
12 the Governor.

13 (11) A representative from an association representing
14 Illinois principals, appointed by the Governor.

15 (12) A representative from an association representing
16 Illinois school boards, appointed by the Governor.

17 (13) A representative from the security consulting
18 profession, appointed by the Governor.

19 (14) An architect or engineer who specializes in
20 security issues, appointed by the Governor.

21 (15) A representative from the Illinois Criminal
22 Justice Information Authority, appointed by the Governor.

23 (16) A representative from a statewide association
24 representing teachers, appointed by the Governor.

25 (17) A representative from another statewide
26 association representing teachers, appointed by the

1 Governor.

2 (18) The Director of the Illinois Emergency Management
3 Agency, who shall serve as the chairperson of the Task
4 Force.

5 Members of the Task Force appointed by the Governor must be
6 individuals who have knowledge, experience, and expertise in
7 the field of security or who have worked within the school
8 system. The appointment of members by the Governor must reflect
9 the geographic diversity of this State.

10 Members of the Task Force shall serve without compensation
11 and shall not be reimbursed for their expenses.

12 (b) The Task Force shall meet initially at the call of the
13 Chairperson and thereafter shall meet at the call of the
14 Chairperson.

15 (c) The Illinois Emergency Management Agency shall provide
16 administrative and other support to the Task Force.

17 (d) The Task Force shall make recommendations for minimum
18 standards for security for the schools in this State. In making
19 those recommendations, the Task Force shall do all of the
20 following:

21 (1) Gather information concerning security in schools
22 as it presently exists.

23 (2) Receive reports and testimony from individuals,
24 school district superintendents, principals, teachers,
25 security experts, architects, engineers, and the law
26 enforcement community.

1 (3) Create minimum standards for securing schools.

2 (4) Give consideration to securing the physical
3 structures, security staffing recommendations,
4 communications, security equipment, alarms, video and
5 audio monitoring, school policies, egress and ingress,
6 security plans, emergency exits and escape, and any other
7 areas of security that the Task Force deems appropriate for
8 securing schools.

9 (5) Create a model security plan policy.

10 (6) Suggest possible funding recommendations for
11 schools to access for use in implementing enhanced security
12 measures.

13 (7) On or before January 1, 2014, submit a report to
14 the General Assembly and the Governor on specific
15 recommendations for changes to the current law or other
16 legislative measures.

17 (8) On or before January 1, 2014, submit a report to
18 the State Board of Education on specific recommendations
19 for model security plan policies for schools to access and
20 use as a guideline. This report is exempt from inspection
21 and copying under Section 7 of the Freedom of Information
22 Act.

23 The Task Force's recommendations may include proposals for
24 specific statutory changes and methods to foster cooperation
25 among State agencies and between this State and local
26 government.

1 (e) The Task Force is abolished and this Section is
2 repealed on January 2, 2014.

3 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
4 becoming law.".